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| 10/685,238 | 10/14/2003 | Stephen Morris-Jones | D/A3227Q | 5748 |
| 25453 7590 11/21/2007 PATENT DOCUMENTATION CENTER XEROX CORPORATION | | | EXAMINER | |
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| | 100 CLINTON AVE., SOUTH, XEROX SQUARE, 20TH FLOOR ROCHESTER, NY 14644 | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

| • | Application No. | Applicant(s) | | | |
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| | 10/685,238 | MORRIS-JONES ET AL. | | | |
| Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit | | | |
| | Jerome Grant II | 2625 | | | |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply | | | | | |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | ATE OF THIS COMMUNIC 36(a). In no event, however, may a re vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MON cause the application to become AB | CATION. sply be timely filed IHS from the mailing date of this communication. ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). | | | |
| Status | | | | | |
| 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on | _· | | | | |
| 2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ This | This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final. | | | | |
| | Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is | | | | |
| closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. | | | | | |
| Disposition of Claims | | | | | |
| 4) Claim(s) 1-22 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-22 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or | vn from consideration. | | | | |
| Application Papers | | | | | |
| 9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine | epted or b) objected to to described or by drawing(s) be held in abeyan ion is required if the drawing(| ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). | | | |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | | | | |
| 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. | | | | | |
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| Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) Interview S | ummary (PTQ-413) | | | |
| 2) Notice of Prelitionis States (175-552) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Notice of Prelitionis States (175-552) Notice of Relitionists States (175-552) Notice of Prelitionists States (175-552) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s |)/Mail Date | | | |

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Detailed Action

1. Rejections Under Section 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 6, 7, 13, 14, 16, 17, 21 and 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention.

With respect to claims 6 and 7, there is no support for use of a tag in a cell phone or PDA. The specification fails to teach how a tag would placed and utilized in such devices. The specification at para. 45 is inadequate to provide a teaching as to how the tag is configured in concert with the PDA and cell phone.

Does applicant suppose that its use is well known in the art?

codes that are used in the present invention.

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With respect to claims 13 and 14, there is inadequate support in the written specification for the use of barcodes and glyph codes to serve as tag information. While it is well known in the art to use these types of codes for the purpose of providing machine readable information for performing a machine process, applicant has not provided enough disclosure to suggest that there is something novel about the barcodes or glyph

With respect to claim 16 and 17 the present invention does not provide an enabling disclosure for the use of fax numbers or e-mail addresses that the print job is sent to. There is no teaching or recitation of elements that suggests that there is any communication of the print job to the fax number or email addresses. However, this limitations is well known in the art and perhaps, applicant has not provided a teaching in view of the fact that it is well known.

With respect to claims 21 and 22, there is insufficient support for the use of a tag information over the internet. How would the tag information be communicated over the Internet. By what device would in the information be converted and how?

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With respect to the broach, tie clip and pen, how would the tag be associated with these devices. Is the tag information physically attached to the clip, for example, or is it incorporated inside of the clip so as to be inconspicuous.

2.

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 6 and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Shahindoust.

With respect to claim 1, Shanhindoust teaches a method for completing a print job (steps 321, 323 and 325 of figure 3), comprising: delivering (step 321) at least one print job to a printing device 114; bringing a tag (smart card 102) containing information regarding the print job into close proximity to the printing device so that the device

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receives the information from the tag 9step 313); using the information received from the tag to complete the print job, see para. 17, lines 18-28.

With respect to claim 2, Shanhindoust teaches wherein the information received from the tag includes printing preferences (changing position of the print preferences by the user.

With respect to claim 3, Shanhindoust teaches the tag is related to the print job, see para. 23, lines 4-8 and 15-19. See also para. 21, lines 8-14.

With respect to claim 4, Shanhindoust the tag information is necessary to complete the job, see para. 23, lines 4-8 and 15-19.

With respect to claim 5, Shanhindoust teaches wherein the tag contains decryption key (inherent with respect to the authentication module 112).

With respect to claim 8, Shanhindoust teaches wherein scanning a the includes sending a signal to the tag (see para. 17, lines 15-18) and receiving a signal (authentication module 112) containing information from the tag about the tag.

With respect to claim 11, Shanhindoust teaches the device is a scanner (copier, see para. 17, line 28).

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With respect to claim 12, see para. 17, lines 13-28.

With respect to claim 15, Shanhindoust teaches a method for transferring documents from one location to another, comprising: sending (step 321) at least one document to a queue of a printing device 114 having transmitting capabilities (either as a fax or as to printing documents to the printing device 114; bringing an electronic tag (smart card 102) containing information regarding the print job into close proximity to the tag reader operably connected to the device having document transmission capabilities (step 313, either as a fax machine or as a printing device, see para. 17, line 28); using the information received from the tag to complete the print job, see para. 17, lines 18-28.

With respect to claim 16, Shanhindoust teaches wherein the information received by the device includes at lenas a fax number to which the job is sent. This limitation is anticipated by para. 17, lines 18-28. via the multipherial device is a fax number having a fax number were the numbers are discussed at lines 18-23.

With respect to claim 18, Shanhindoustt teaches a system for generating an advertisement (prnt job), comprising: a tag (102) encoded with advertising information; a tag reading device (GL 1010120, see step 313 in figure 3) for reading the tag and receiving the advertising information therefrom; an output device (printer 114) operably

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connected to the tag reading device, wherein the output device generates the advertisement.

With respect to clam 19, Shanhindoust teaches a printing device 114 as claimed, see col. 17, lines 25-28.

With respect to claim 20, Shanhindoust teaches wherein the output device includes a fax machine (this is anticipated by the multifunctional peripheral device, see paragraph 17, lines 25-28).

With respect to claim 21, Shanhindoust teaches the output is connected to the Internet. This is at least suggested by connection to Blue-Tooth technology.

With respect to claim 22, it is inherent that the Smart Card 102 can be inserted into a user's shirt or blouse pocket (which is a type of **container**).

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3.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 6, 7, 9, 10 and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shanhindoust in view of Yajima et al.

With respect to claims 6 and 7, Shanhindoust teaches all of the subject matter upon which the claim depends except for the tag being utilized in a cell phone or PDA device.

Shanhindoust teaches that the tag (card 102) is the device that is linked to the print job. The card can conceivably attached by Velcro or snap so that the user of such electronic devices can scan them over the print device to inform such print device regarding the information which is on the smart card as is done by Shanhindoust.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to associated a smart card with an electronic device so that one carrying such devices

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may conveniently scan them over the printer to affect a print job just as the scan card 102 is swiped over the printer to affect a print operation.

With respect to claims 9 and 10, see figure 1 where wireless signals are transmitted. Although it cannot be determined if the wireless signals are radio or infrared, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to transmit wireless signals in a frequency that is convenient as a matter or choice, whether radio, infrared, microwave or giga-wave. One of ordinary skill would have known to transmit in a frequency range that is convenient for the application designed.

4.

Claims 13 ad 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shanhindoust in view of Harrison.

With respect t claims 13 and 14, Shanhindoust and Harrison teach the use of codes in order to communicate information about the print job from the tag to the printer. However, the utilization of bar codes or glyph codes is not specifically stated.

Harrison appears to show a glyph or bar code 32 for controlling a print job.

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The use of barcodes and glyph codes are well known in the art for sending information in a machine readable fashion for performing a specific task.

Hence, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use these specific machine codes for controlling the print operation.

With respect to claim 17, the email address may be sent through blue tooth technology which is well known in the communication art. Shanhindoust suggests the use of communication using this technology.

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5.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jerome Grant II whose telephone number is 571-272-7463. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon.- Fri. from 9:00 to 5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Edward Coles, can be reached on 571-272-7402. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

